Brugmansia (Solanaceae) is a genus of shrubs and tree-like shrubs native to South America. This bibliography on Brugmansia is based primarily on the landmark doctoral dissertation by Tommie Earl Lockwood titled “A Taxonomic Revision of Brugmansia (Solanaceae)”. It was competed 1973 at Harvard University under acclaimed ethnobotanist Richard Evans Schultes. Another primary source of information was Jonathan Ott’s Pharmacotheon, 2nd Edition, densified (1996).

This monograph, as with many Harvard University Ph.D. dissertations, has been largely inaccessible. Only portions of the work were published before Lockwood’s untimely death in an automobile accident in Mexico near the end of April, 1975 [Fulling, Edmund H., Taxon, 24(5/6): 580] while an Assistant Professor at the University of Illinois, Urbana. However, a copy of his dissertation was obtained through interlibrary loan, and I scanned, edited, and updated the bibliography.

Brugmansia remains an important element in human cultures due to its tropane alkaloids that have medicinal and psychoactive properties. Along with Datura, Solandra, and other members of the Solanceae, or Nightshade family, it has found a niche among indigenous societies and even contemporary “Western” groups. Horticultural interest in Brugmansia continues to grow with active breeding and collecting evidenced on web sites listed in the bibliography.
Several *Brugmansias* are native to Colombia, and the Sibundoy Valley is home to a number of named cultivated varieties (cultivars) used in shamanic practices. It is most appropriated that this bibliography be made more widely available in Colombia. Hopefully students and other researchers will continue to study this important genus and supplement the body of information assembled here.

**BIBLIOGRAPHY**


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